

Anti-Bluefin Tuna (Thunnus thynnus) monoclonal antibody

Product no: F19

**Product Information** 

# **Product Description**

This monoclonal antibody (Mab) reacts with Bluefin Tuna (*Thunnus thynnus*) immunoglobulin M (IgM). The Mab is of an IgG1 isotype and recognises the heavy chain of the molecule.

## Use of product

The Mab is recommended for use in an Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) for measuring antibody levels of antigen-induced IgM. The optimal conditions for use of this product vary depending on the procedure used. The user must determine the suitability of the product for a particular procedure. This product is for *in vitro* use only.

## **Vial Contents**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  of lyophilised protein prepared from bovine-free culture medium and contains no animal-derived stabilisers. This is sufficient for three 96-well ELISA plates.

The product should be reconstituted as follows:

 Add 1 ml of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) (see buffers) to the vial and store in aliquots. Dilute 1/33 in antibody buffer before use.

# Storage

Store at -20°C prior to reconstitution. For prolonged storage, the Mab solution should be stored at -20°C. Repeated freeze/thawing of the product should be avoided.

Suggested protocol for the detection of Bluefin Tuna IgM by indirect - Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). The method outlined here is only a guideline and assay conditions may vary depending on the antigen used to coat the ELISA plate and environmental conditions.

#### Procedure

The coating procedure depends on the type of antigen used in the screening.

Plates coated with particulate antigens (eg bacteria)

- " Coat 96-well ELISA plate with 0.05% (w/v) poly-L-lysine in coating buffer, 50 µl well<sup>-1</sup> for 60 min
- " Wash plate with 2 washes of low salt wash buffer
- " Resuspend bacteria in PBS (1 x10<sup>8</sup> bacteria ml-1) and add to the wells of the ELISA plate at 100 μl well-1. Incubate overnight at 4°C or centrifuge plate at x 200 g for 5 min and incubate for 60 min at 22°C
- " Add 50 μl well-1 0.05% (v/v) gluteraldehyde, diluted in PBS, to the antigen and incubate for a further 20 min at 22°C

### The remainder of procedure is as follows:

- Wash plate 3 times with low salt wash buffer
- " Post-coat plate (to block non-specific binding sites) with either 1% (w/v) bovine serum albumin (BSA) or 3% (w/v) casein (dried milk). Add 250 μl well-¹ and incubate for 2 h at 22°C
- " Wash plate with 3 washes of low salt wash buffer
- " Prepare doubling-dilutions of the fish serum in PBS starting with a 1/2 dilution. Also use doubling-dilutions of pre-immune serum or serum from non-vaccinated/non-diseased fish, and PBS as negative controls. Add serum and control dilutions to the wells (100 μl well-1) and incubate for 3 h at 22°C or overnight at 4°C
- Wash plate with 5 washes of high salt wash buffer, incubating for 5 min on last wash
- Add 100 µl well<sup>-1</sup> of the reconstituted anti-fish Mab and incubate for 60 min at 22°C
- Wash plate with 5 washes of high salt wash buffer, incubating for 5 min on last wash
- "Add 100 µl well-1 conjugate (anti-mouse 1gG-HRP diluted 1/1000 in conjugate buffer). Incubate for 60 min at 22°C
- Wash plate with 5 washes of high salt wash buffer, incubating for 5 min on last wash
- " Add 100 μl well-1 chromogen in substrate buffer and incubate for 10 min at 22°C
- " Stop reaction with 50 \mu well-1 of stop solution
- Read plate at 450 nm in an ELISA reader. Blank ELISA reader against wells filled with chromogen and stop solution. If an ELISA reader is unavailable compare colour with that of background (i.e. negative control).

### **Buffers**

Coating buffer (Carbonate-bicarbonate solution)

Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> 1.59 g NaHCO<sub>2</sub> 2.93 g

Dissolved in one litre of distilled water. Adjusted to pH 9.6. N.B. prepare fresh coating buffer on each occasion

### Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS)

0.02M Phosphate, 0.15M NaCl

 NaH\_PO\_4.2H\_2O
 0.876g

 Na\_HPO\_4.2H\_2O
 2.56g

 NaCl
 8.77g

Dissolved in one litre of distilled water. Adjusted to pH 7.3 with conc. HCl

#### Wash buffer (x10) (low salt)

 Trisma base
 24.2 g

 NaCl
 222.2 g

 Merthiolate
 1 g

 Tween 20
 5 ml

Dissolved in one litre of distilled water. Adjusted to pH 7.3 with conc. HCl\_

### Wash buffer (x10) (high salt)

 Trisma base
 24.2 g

 NaCl
 292.2 g

 Merthiolate
 1 g

 Tween 20
 10 ml

Dissolved in one litre of distilled water. Adjusted to pH 7.7 with conc. HCl\_

Antibody buffer Add 1 g of BSA to 100 ml of PBS (i.e. 1 % BSA solution)

Conjugate buffer

Add 1g of BSA to 100 ml of low salt wash buffer

Substrate buffer (Sodium acetate/ citric acid buffer)

Citric acid 21.0 g Sodium acetate 8.2 g

Dissolved in one litre of distilled water. Adjusted to pH 5.4 with 1 M NaOH  $\,$ 

Add  $5 \,\mu l$  of  $H_2O_2$  to 15 ml substrate buffer

#### Substrate

Prepare 3'3'5'5'-Tetramethylbenzidine dihydrochloride (TMB) (42 mM) in 1:2 acetic acid: distilled water. Add 150 ml of this solution to 15 ml substrate buffer

Stop reagent 2M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in distilled water



# **Certificate of Analysis**

Bluefin	Tuna	(Thunnus	thvnnus	) monoclonal	antibody
Didoilli	Iuiiu	( I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	triyriiido	, illolloololla	unitibout

Product no.		
Batch no.		
Date of expiry		

#### Absorbance of reconstituted Mabs by Indirect ELISA

The reconstituted Mab gives an absorbance of at 450nm by ELISA when the plate is coated with 10  $\mu$ g/ml purified IgM.



Aquatic Diagnostic Ltd., Institute of Aquaculture, University of Stirling, Stirling, Scotland, FK9 4LA

Telephone: +44 (0)1786 466568 Fax: +44 (0)1786 472133 E-mail: aquaticdiagnostics@stir.ac.uk http://www.aguaticdiagnostics.com